KRICHKO, A.A.; LOZOVOY, A.V.; SOVETOVA, L.S.

Production of naphthalene from aromatized raw materials by means of high temperature hydrogenation. Khim.prom. no.6:387-391 Je '62.

1. Institut goryuchikh iskopayemykh AN SSSR.

(Naphthalene) (Hydrogenation)

	High temper zenes. Trud	ature d	estructive 7:246-249	hydrogenation o	f trime (MIRA	thylben- 15:10)	
		(Benzene)	(Hydrogenation)			

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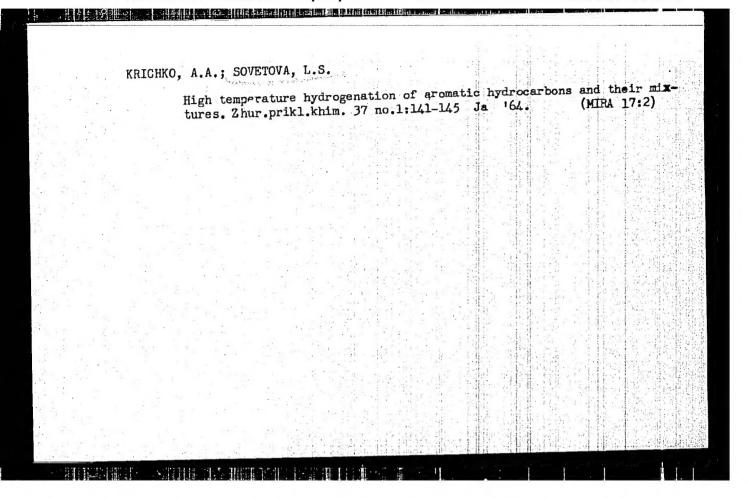
KRIC	HKO, A. A.; SOV	The state of the s	dada adalama	of hydro	carbons.	
	Report No. 1.	ydrogenation of b Trudy IGI 17:278	286 '62.	(MIRA	15:10)	
		(Hydrocarbons)	(Hydrogenatic	m)		

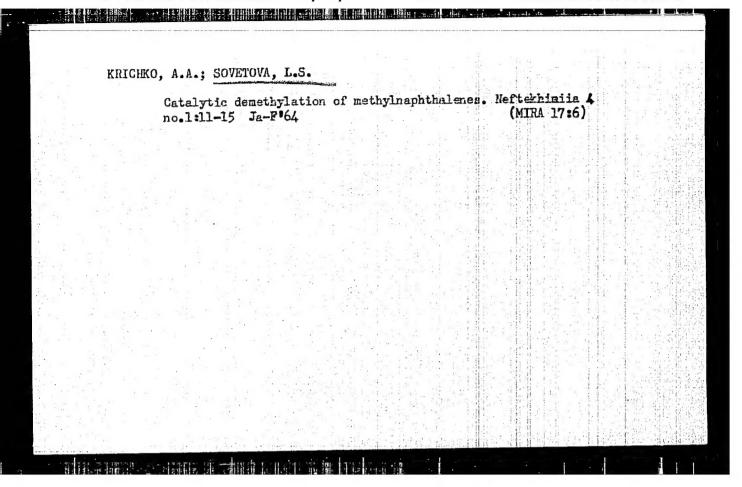
KRICHKO, A.A.; LOZOVOY, A.V.; MEZHLUMOVA, A.I.; PAL'CHIKOV, G.F.; RAVIKOVICH, T.M.; TITOVA, T.A.; CHERKASOVA, V.F.; Prinimall uchastiye; MUSELEVICH, D.L.; SOVETOVA, L.S.; TSITRON, I.L.

Obtaining naphthalene from straight-run fractions of the Anastasiyevska petroleum. Nefteper. i neftekhim. no.10:3-8 '63:

(MIRA 17:2)

1. Institut goryuchikh iskopayemykh AN SSSR, Groznenskiy krekingzavod i Upravleniye neftepererabatyvayushchey i neftekhimicheskoy promyshlennosti.





ACC NRI ARSO08640	SCURCE CODE:	UR/0081/65/000/017/P018/P018
AUTHOR: Krichko, A. A.; Sovet	tova, L. S.	51
TITIE: High temperature, hydro	ogenation of paraffin hyd	irocarbons B
SOURCE: Ref. zh. Khimiya, Abs	3. 17P135	
REF SOURCE: So. Khim. pererab	ootka smol. M., Nauka, 19	65 , 87–94
TOPIC TAGS: hydrocarbon, high WYDROGENATION ABSTRACT: The mechanism of the hexadene in the presence of H ₂ 475 and 520°C on Co-Mo-Al oxidel. It was a studied. It was a studied as a studied of the carbons were primarily obtained taining paraffin hydrocarbons and at 520 to 550°.	nermal destruction of n-h under 40 and 100 atm p de catalyst in a flow sys was found that at a tempe ed. It is recommended to	peptane, isocctane, and n- pressure at temperatures of stem with a speed of 1.5 to prature of 475° liquid hydro- prechnical mixtures, con-
SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: no	me	

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001652620012-6"

SCHNASOVA, I.O.; GALKINA, A.G.; IEFREMOV, I.I.; SMAKHTINA, Yu.B.; KOMISSAROVA, M.T.; SOVETOVA, L.Ye.; CHISTIKOVA, A.I.; SHAKHOVA, A.N.

Effectiveness of ambulatory treatment of cholelithiasis patients at Zheleznovodsk Health Resort, Sber. nauch. reb. vrach. san.-kur. uchr. profeciuzov no.1:121-125 '64.

(MIRA 18:10)

1. Zheleznodorezhnaya kurortnaya poliklinika (glavnyy vrach I.I. Yefremov).

SOVETOVA, N.A. (Leningrad, D-11, kanal Griboyedova, d.12, kv.7.)

en de la companya de

Vascularization of bone autografts in experimental spine fixation. Ortop., travm. i protez. 25 no.4:25-29 Ap '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Iz Leningradskogo instituta khirurgicheskogo tuberkuleza (direktor - prof. D.K. Khokhlov, nauchnyy rukovoditel! - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. P.G. Korney).

SOVETOVA, V. D., Cand of Geog Sci — (diss) "The Characteristics of Frontal Cloudiness

Over the Territory of Western Siberia," Moscow, 1959, 9 pp (Central Institute of Prognosis) (KL, 5-60, 124)

3(7) AUTHOR:

Sovetova, V. D.

SOV/50-59-6-4/17

TITLE:

Vertical Distribution of Clouds in the Frontal Zone Over West Siberia (Vertikal'noye raspredeleniye oblakov v zone frontov nad Zapadnoy Sibir'yu)

PERIODICAL:

Meteorologiya i gidrologiya, 1959, Nr 6, pp 21 - 25 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Some results are given here concerning the statistical evaluation of vertical distribution data in the frontal cloudiness over West Siberia during the cold season (October to April). The sounding data of the atmosphere in Sverdlovsk, Omsk and Novosibirsk obtained in 1952-1956 from airplanes, were made use of During that time, 77% of all fronts influencing the weather in the said areas, were sounded. A comparison of the data obtained here with those given by K. G. Abramovich (Ref 1) shows a good agreement and permits the statement that the upper limit of cloud formation over West Siberia is not lower than the one over the plains of the European territory of the USSR. As concerning the frequently higher position of the upper cloud limit in Sverdlovsk as compared to other regions, the author is of the opinion that this is

Card 1/2

Vertical Distribution of Clouds in the Frontal Zone Over West Siberia

The state of the s

SOV/50-59-6-4/17

due to the Ural mountain range. An investigation is made here of the frequency of cloud mass thickness and the thickness of the "dry" intermediate masses, and it is shown with tables 2 and 3 that in Sverdlovsk the upper cloud limit is higher and at the same time there is a larger "stratification" (yarusnost') of clouds; cloud masses are less thick here and the "dry" intermediate masses become more frequent here than on other places observed. This peculiar distribution of these elements is caused by the influence of the Ural mountain range. In sounding the atmosphere, clouds belonging to upper strata were for the most part not reached by airplanes. Table 4 gives a survey of the cases in which the clouds of the Ci, Cs and Cc were pierced through by an airplane, and those cases in which this did not happen as well as the cases in which the clouds were above the airplane. On the basis of this table, conclusions are drawn concerning the atmospheric conditions in flights over Omsk, Sverdlovsk and Novosibirsk. There are 5 tables and 2 Soviet references.

Card 2/2

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5/014/60/000/009/004/005 A052/A129

AUTHOR:

Sovetova, V. D.

TITLE:

The effect of the Ural Mountains on the evolution of the

frontal cloudiness

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal Geografiya, no. 9, 1960, 64, abstract 23164 (Tr. Tsentr. in-ta prognozov, 1959, no. 79, 12 - 24)

TEXT: The results of processing data from airplane atmosphere sounding carried out in Sverdlovsk, Omsk and Novosibirsk in the cold half year during a 5 years' period show that in the direction from Sverdlovsk to Novosibirsk the following phenomena are observed: an increased probability of powerful Ns-As, a decrease of wavy clouds of Ac type, a decrease of the stratification of clouds, an increased probability of a low cloudiness, a decreased frequency of the upper boundary of clouds at the height of over 5 km, an increased probability of precipitation reaching the earth surface, and a decreased probability of icing and bumps. Many of these phenomena are explained by the location of Sverdlovsk on the leeward slope of the Ural Mountains relative to the predominant flow. Here waves are formed and

Card 1/3

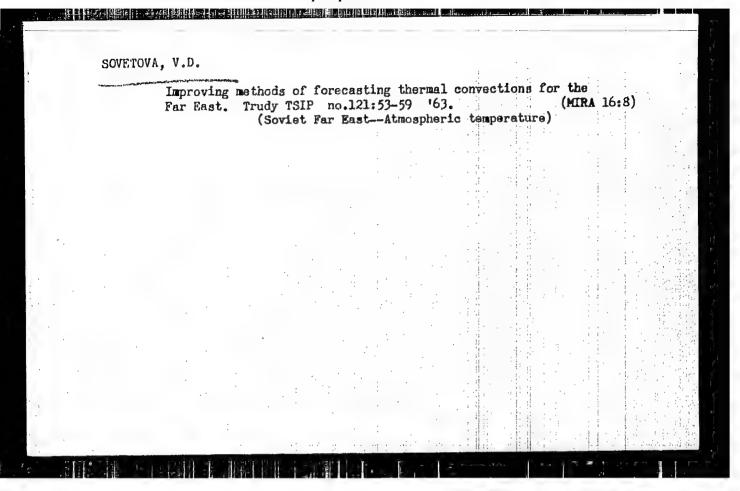
23168

S/014/60/000/009/004/005 A052/A129

The effect of the Ural Mountains on the..

a peculiar distribution of the vertical air flows takes place, which cause the stratification of cloudiness, the washing-off of the lower precipitation zone and an increased icing probability. An investigation of the causes of cloudiness stratification in Western Siberia and conditions of the evolution of clouds in Sverdlovsk was carried out. Cases where a stratification of clouds had been recorded in all three localities were selected and analyzed. The stratification was caused either by the orography or by the pressure field. In Sverdlovsk in 53% of all cases the effect of the mountains is present; to the East of it the stratification of cloudiness is effected by the Siberian anticyclone. The effect of the Ural Mountains in Sverdlovsk is felt when the wind is perpendicular to the mountains; the wind speed is of no importance. A powerful frontal cloudiness is observed here mainly during winds parallel to the mountains. The moisture content in the stratas earth - 850 millibars, 850 - 700 millibars, 700 - 500 millibars was recorded and compared with the presence or absence of clouds in Sverdlovsk and Novosibirsk and with the air temperature. The charts show connection between these elements and can be used for diagnosis and prognosis of the vertical distribution of cloudiness. In conclusion an analysis of two typ-

Card 2/3



L 33336-65 EWT(1)/FCC GW

ACCESSION NR: AT5002846

\$/3095/64/031/000/0045/0053

AUTHOR: Sovetova, V. D.

TITLE: Storms in the northern part of the Atlantic

SOURCE: AN UkrSSR. Morskoy gidrofizitheskly institut. Trudy, v. 31, 1964.
Issledovaniye morskogo volneniya (Study of sea swell), 45 53

TOPIC TAGS: cyclone, cyclonic field, marine meteorology, pressure pattern, baric field, storm prognosis

ABSTRACT: The conditions accompanying the generation of storm winds (in excess of 16 m/sec.) in the northern Atlantic Ocean between October and April have been studied. All cyclonic regions defined by two or more closed isobars accurring during the three-year period 1955 - 57 are included. Data on the place and mouth of origin, the thermal pattern in which the cyclone develops, the height at which it develops, the location of the maximum gradient on the AT500 isobaric surface and the absolute temperature difference between the cold and warm air has been tabulated. Storm winds were generated by 94% of the cyclones studied. A synoptic analysis of the data is made with generally inclusive results. Under identical synoptic conditions storm winds are absent over land but are generated as soon as the cyclone

Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AT5002846

moves out to sea. Even at sea, identical synoptic situations do not always generate storms. The presence of the warm ocean surface and instability of the moisture content of the air are suggested as the causes of storms. The general character of the ocean's influence on the sign and magnitude of air temperature and pressure changes is considered theoretically. The effect of the underlying surface on the temperature is shown to be of the same order of magnitude as that due to horizontal transfer. The calculations show that the ocean surface influence is sufficiently large to play a substantial role in the evolution of the baric field and consequently in the development of storm winds within it. Orig. art. has: 6 formulas, 1 figure and 2 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Morskoy gidrofizicheskiy institut AN Uc SSR derine hydrophysics institute. AN UkrSSR)

SUBMITTED: CO

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OTHER: OCI

Card 2/2

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SOVIANI, P.

RUMANIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their

Application, Part 4. - Varnishes, Paints, Paint

Coatings.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 14, 1958, 48820

I. Gavat, P. Soviani Author

Inst

Modified Phenolaldehyde Plastics. Title

: Rev. chim., 1957, 8, No 4, 264-270 Orig Pub

The preparation of light colored oil-soluble resins of Abstract

the albertal type with an elevated softening temperature (160 to 1720) is described. These resins are prepared by the interaction of colophony and maleic anhydride with preliminarily prepared tetramethyloldephenylolpropane or resol resins (condensation products of phenol, cresol, or n-tert.-butylphenol with formaldehide) at 1500 and following esterification with glycerin (ct 250

to 260°). These resins are soluble in siccative and

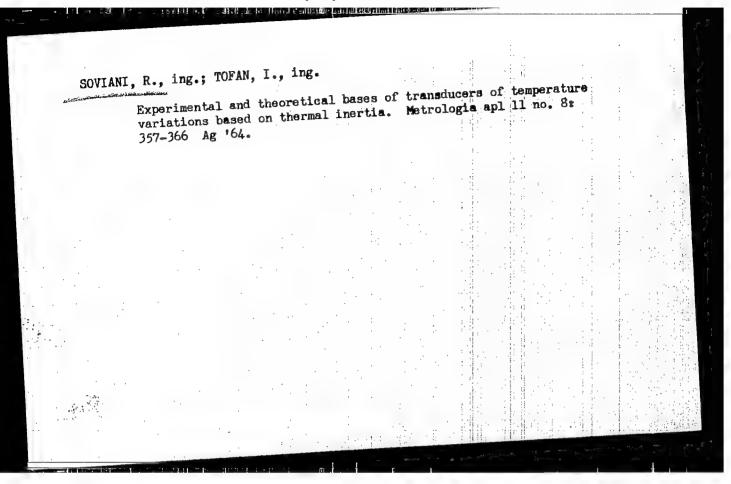
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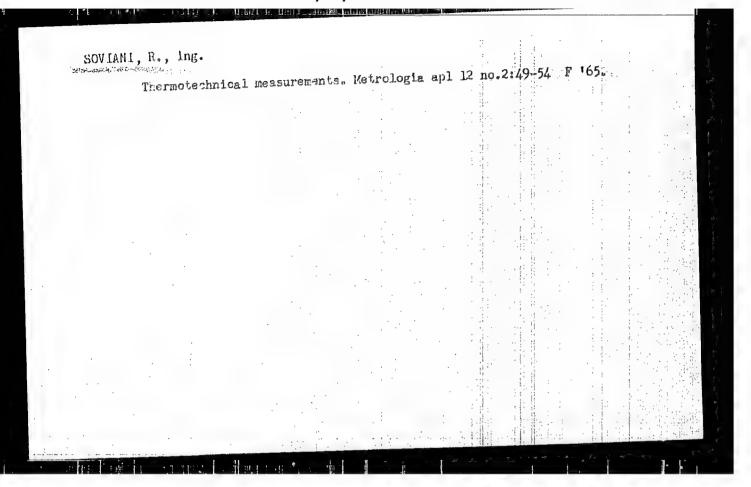
RUMANIA/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their H-30
Application, Part 4. - Varnishes, Paints, Paint
Coatings.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 14, 1958, 48820

semisiccative oils heated to 250 - 2950, after wich
they become soluble in mixtures of aromatic hydrocarthey become soluble spirit better than the usual albertols.

bons and white spirit better than the usual albertols.





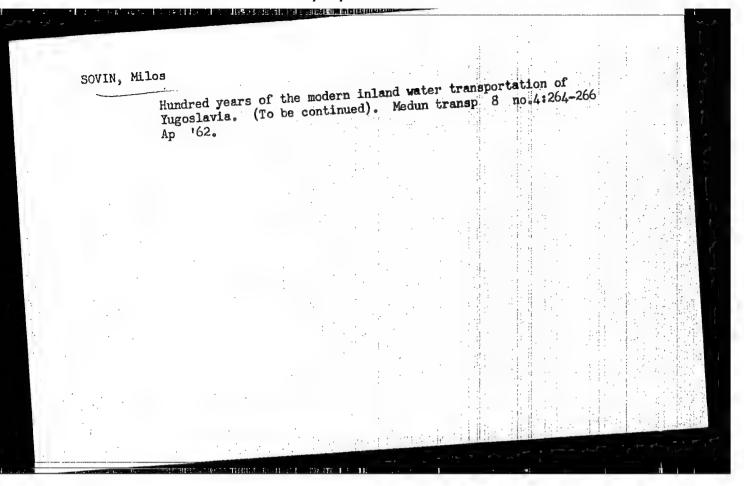
SOVIK, Frantisek, promovany padagog

Commemorating the 60th anniversary of the foundation of the Secondary
Industrial School for Beirying in Kromeriz. Frum potravin 13 no.9:
1,449-454 S '62.

1. Stredni prumyslova skola mlekarenska, Kromeriz.

	The state of the s	Type .
	L 44750-66 EEC(k)-2 LJP(c) SOURCE CODE: HU/0012/65/013/008/0236/0239 ACC NR: AP6032885	
	AUTHOR: Marek, Nandor-Marek, Y. (Doctor); Szovik, Jozsef-Sovik, Y.	
	ORG: [Marek] Institute for Medical Chemistry, Szeged University for Medical Sciences. Szeged (Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Orvosi Vegytani Intezet); [Szovik] Hungarian Optical Works (Magyar Optikai Muvek)	
	TITLE: Experiences in the use of the spektromom 201 ultraviolet spectrophotometer	
	SOURCE: Meres es automatika, v. 13, no. 8, 1965, 236-239	
	TOPIC TAGS: UV spectrophotometer, photoelectric cell/Spektromom 201 UV spectrophotometer	
:.	ABSTRACT: The specifications of the 'Spektromom 201' ultraviolet spectro- photometer (manufactured by Hungarian Optical Works) were described in detail. The instrument operates in the 190-1100 nm. wavelength range; its photocells are British-made and its light source is German-made.	
	its photocells are British-made and its argue described and some re- Its operation and calibrating procedures were described and some re- sults were discussed to illustrate its accuracy and reproducibility. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 3 tables. [JPRS]	
	SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 22Feb65 / OTH REF: 002	A Comment
	UDC: 535.243.25-31	1
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AUTHOR:	Soviková, Z. Mechanism of ele	ctroless d	positica		costings	
TEXT: bath and fr the alkalin	Strojirenstvi, A Ni-Mo alloy ca om a lactic-acid ie range. In add	n be depos -base bath; ition to hy posits cont	ited from this car pophosphat ain 0.5	a citric only be the 0.7% P. oposal o	done in ath also 8 - 10% f a new	
yo, remaind type of stain the for	ter nickel. The able bath for dep nickel lacta	ositing nid te. The de note: h	kel in what position is is an o	1ch c	this bath	
Abstracte	4/61, SVUOM, Flace					\$2.55 \$1.00



SKOVRANKE, V.; RADKOVSKY, J.; ROUDNY, J.; CERVENKA, J.; PECENKA, J.; SOVINA, J.; ADAM, E.; ADAMOVA, V.; NOVAK, A.; ZACEK, K.; VORKA, V.

Vaccination against poliomyelitis in Czechoslovakia in 1957. II. Evaluation of morbidity following vaccination. J. Hyg. Epidem., Praha 2 no.4: 469-477 1958.

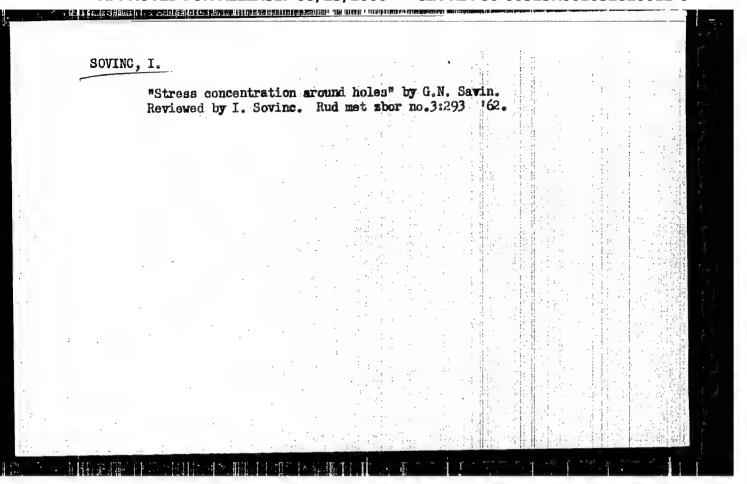
1. Ministry of Health, Prague; Institutes of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague and Bratislava; Clinical Inboratory for Poliomyelitis Research, Charles University, Prague; Children's University Hospital, Infectious Diseases Department, Bratislava; Institute of Sera and Vaccines, Prague. V. Skovranek, Ministerstvo zdravotnictvi, Praha 12, Tr. W. Piecka 98, Czechoslovakia.

(POLIONTHLITIS, prev. & control. vacc. in Czech., morbidity in vaccinated child)

SOVINA, Jiri, MUDr.

Mygienic and epidemiological problems in the II celostatni
epartakiada, Cesk, zdravot, 8 no.5:93-96 My *60.

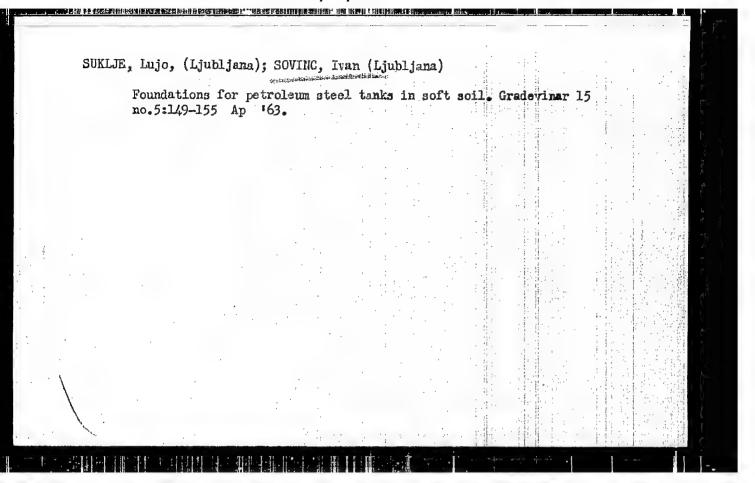
14 Odbor bygieny a epidemiologie ministerstva zdravotnictvi.
(SPORT MEDICIES)



SOVINC, Ivan, dr. inz., docent

Subsidences in coal districts. Rud met zbor 4:359-372 '63.

1. Matematicno-fizikalni oddelek univerze, Lepi pot 11,
Ljubljana.



PAULIN, A.; OCEPEK, D.; CAZAFURA, K.; KUSCER, D.; VODOPIVEC, F.; SOVING, I.;
PAVKO, D.; JURCA, S.; KERSNIG, V.; DRNOVSEK, J.; GRAFENAUER, S.;
KERNC, J.

New books. Rud met abor 3:307-334 '64.

SOVINOVA. Olga. MUDr.; TUMOVA, Bela, RNDr.; POUSTKA, Frantisek, MVDr.;

INGEL. Juraj, Wet.

Isolation of virus responsible for respiratory diseases in horses.

Cesk. epidem. mikrob. imun. 6 no.4:213-220 July 57.

1. Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie v Frase, reditel prof. Exterel Raska Veterinarne zdravotni sluzba ministerstva semedelstvi a UNV, Fraha.

(HORSIS, diseases, influenza A-like resp. infect., isolation of virus (Cz))

(INFIDERIA VIRUSIS, influenza A-like virus causing resp. dis. in horses, isolation (Cz))

SOVINOVA, O.; TUMOVA, B.; POUSKA, F.; NEMEC, J.

Isolation of a virus causing respiratory disease in horses. Acta virol. Engl. Ed., Praha 2 no.1:52-61 Jan-Mar 58.

1. Institute of Epidemiology and Hicrobiology, Prague (for Sovinova and Tumova). 2. Veterinary Health Service, Ministry of Agriculture. (for Pouska). 3. Gentral National Committee, Prague. (for Nemec). (VIRUS virus causing resp. dis. in Caech. horses. serol.) (HORSES, dis. viral resp. dis. in Caech. horses)

SOVINOVA, Ologa; LUDVIE, Jiri

Electrographic study of the A-equi-Praha/56 virus, Cesk, epidem. mikrob.

immn. 7 no.1:6-8 Jan 58.

1. Ustav epidemiologie a mikrobiologie v Praze reditel prof. Br. E. Raska
Laborator elektronove mikroskopie v biologii CSAV, Praha, reditel akademik

J. Wolf. O. S. Praha XII, Srobarova 48.

(INFILENZA VIRUSE)

A-equi-Praha/56 virus, electron microscopy (Cs))

(HORSE, dis.

SERS.)

(MICROSCOPT, ELECTRUS

of A-equi-Praha/56 virus (Cs))

SOVINOVA, O.; LUDVIK, J.

Electron microscopic study of the influence virus A-equi-Praha/56.

Acta virol. Engl. Ed., Praha 3 no.1:59-60 Jan 59.

1. Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague; Laboratory of Electron Microscopy in Biology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague.

(INFLUENCA VIRUSES

A-equi-Praha/56, electron microscopy)

(MICROSCOPT, ELECTRON

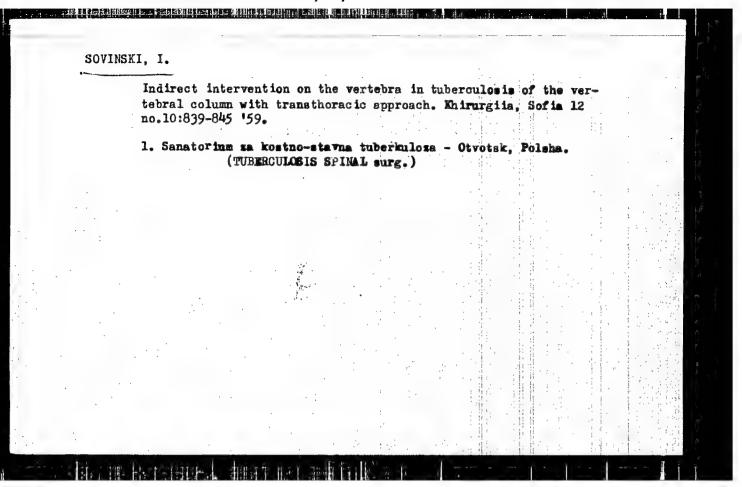
of influence virus A-equi-Praha/56)

BOVINSKI, D.

A new method for calculating the foundations of masts for electric lines.

P. 652. (INZENYRSKE STAVEY) (Praha, Czechoslovalda) Vol. 5, no. 12, Dec. 1957

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accession (EEAI) LC Vol. 7, No. 5, May 1958



culosis 185—186	•	t in children.	vurtukkr	ia 15 no.	tuber- 2/3:	
1. Iz Sa	natorium sa kos	tno-stavna tube	rkuloza 1	Otvotsk		
Polsha.	(TUBERCULOSIS	OSTEOARTICULAR (HIP dis)	in inf	k child)		

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	Late results following posterior spinal fusion Khirurgiia 15 no.2/3:228-229 162.	on in children.	
	1. Iz Sanatorium sa kostno-stavna tuberkulos	a v Otvotsk -	1
	Polsha. (TUBERCULOSIS SPINAL surg)		
•			

Anterior spinal fusion in the treatment of tuberculeus spondylitis. Khirurgiia 15 no.2/3:256-257 '62.

1. Iz Sanatorium za kostno-stavna tuberkulosa v Otvotak Polsha.

(TUBERCULOSIS SPINAL surg)

SOVINSKI, I.

Pathological and clinical aspects of surgical osteoarticular tuberculosis during the era of chemotherapy. Khirurgiia 15 no.2/3:263-264 162.

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1. Iz Sanatorium za kostno-stavna tuberkuloza v Otvotsk - Polsha.

(TUBERCULOSIS OSTEOARTICULAR ther)

SOVINSKIE, J

POLAND/Cultivated Plants - General Problems.

L-1

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 25 Aug 1957, 69187

Author

: Sovinskiy, J.

Inst Title

: Influence of Forest Strips on Changes of Some Meteorologi-

cal Conditions and Yield of Agricultural Plants.

Orig Pub : Nowe roln., 1956, 5, No 9, 696-699

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

21 (8) AUTHORS:

Mostovoy, V. I., Mostovaya, T. A.,

SOV/89-7-4-10/2B

Sovinskiy, M., Saltykov, Yu. S.

TITLE:

The Distribution of the Kinetic Energy of the Fragments in the

Triple Fission of U235 by Thermal Neutrons

PERIODICAL:

Atomnaya energiya, 1959, Vol 7, Nr 4, pp 372-374 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

K. Allen and J. Dewan were the first to investigate the distribution of the kinetic energy of fragments in the fission of

U²³⁵ with emission of one α-particle with a long range. According to the results they obtained, the distribution of the kinetic energy of the fragments in a triple fission is similar to the distribution usually found in double fission. The present paper gives exact data concerning the distribution of the kinetic energy of fragments in a triple fission. A double ionization chamber with a grid was used for the purpose of detecting the fragments and α-particles with long ranges. The apparatus and the measuring method are briefly described. These measurements were carried out in the neutron beam of a VVR-reactor. A

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diagram shows the distribution of the kinetic energy of the fragments in a triple fission. Altogether, 17,644 cases of

The Distribution of the Kinetic Energy of the 50V/89-7-4-10/28 Fragments in the Triple Fission of U^{235} by Thermal Neutrons

triple fission were recorded. For purposes of comparison, also the distribution for double fission, which was measured under the same conditions, is given. Even if, in counting, the "geometric conditions 2" are used, the areas of the two groups of fragments produced in a triple fission differ considerably from each other. The ratio of these surfaces for light and heavy fragments amounts to 0.82. The simple geometric conditions of this counting chamber permitted a reliable determination of the influence exercised by the angular distribution of long range a-particles upon the efficiency of fragment recording. The ratio between the recording probabilities for a light and a heavy fragment (in consideration of the angular distribution of a-particles with long focal distance) amounts to Pheavy which explains the observed difference between the areas. The third diagram shows the kinetic energy distribution of the fragments in the case of a triple fission in consideration of fragment recording. The most probable energies of the heavy and light fragments are less by 5.7 ± 0.5 and 0.1

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The Distribution of the Kinetic Energy of the SOV/89-7-4-10/2 Fragments in the Triple Fission of U²³⁵ by Thermal Neutrons

respectively than in the case of a double fission. This decrease in kinetic energy by 13.8 Mev can, however, not be explained by a decrease in the charge of the fragments due to the departure of an a-particle. The most probable value of the total kinetic energy liberated in a triple fission is less by 1 Mev than in double fission. On the basis of this result the authors evaluated the excitation energy of the fragments in triple and double fissions of 0235 by thermal neutrons. Under the conditions made here the average excitation energy of fragments in triple fission must be lower by 5.87 Mev than in double fission. This also agrees well with the results obtained by V. F. Apalin on the number of secondary neutrons in the case of a triple fission of uranium. The half-widths of kinetic energy distribution in a triple fission are less by 1.1 ± 0.5 and 4.3 ± 1.0 Mev respectively than the corresponding half-widths in double fission. There are 3 figures and 8 references, 1 of which is Soviet.

Card 3/4

The Distribution Fragments in the	of the Kir Triple Fig	eti sio	c End	ergy U ²³	of 5 b⊽	the The	ermal	Net	troi	ov,	/ 89 -	7-4-	-10	/28	The state of the s
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Transpleural approach in operations on the vertebral bodies in tuberculosis of the spine. Ortop.travm.i protes. 21 no.5155-57 My '60.

1. Iz santoriya kostno-sustavnogo-tuberkuleza v g. Otwotske Polisha. (SPINE—SURGERY)

ROZENTSVATG, A.I., inzh. (g.Kiyev); SOYINSKIY, Ye.A. (g.Krasnoyarsk)

How to improve the economic accountability of railroad districts.

Zhel.dor.transp. 42 no.6:51-53 Je '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Machal'nik sektora planovo-ekonomicheskogo otdala Krasnoyarskoy zhelesnoy dorogi (for Sofinskiy).

(Railroads--Accounts, bookkeeping, etc.)

SOVIS, B.

"Results of an experiment in luring birds in the Lupka National Reserve."

P. 232. (Ministerstvo kultury. Statni pece o ochranu prirody —Praha, Czechoslovaka.)

Vol. 12, no. 8, Nov. 1957.

Monthly Index of East European Accession (EEAI) LC, Vol. 7, No. 5, May 1958

SOVJAK, J.; DOSTAL, K.; ZABICKA, Z

"Wet method for suction and removal of dust in foundries. p. 2h0"

SLEVARENSTVI. (Ministerstovo tezkeho strojirenstvi a Ceskoslovenska vedecka technicka spolecnost pro hutnictvi a slevarenstvi) Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 3, No. 8 Aug. 1955.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 6 June 1959 Uncl.

SOVKIN, K.F. 3-58-5-7/35 Klebanov, M.K., and Sovkin, V.F., Dotsents

The Evening Courses. Have Wide Prospects (U vechernikh fa-AUTHOR:

ml!tetov - shirokiye perspektivy) TITLE:

Vestnik Vysshey Shkoly, 1958, Nr 5, pp 30 - 32 (USSR) PERIODICAL:

Kuybyshev Industrial Institute can serve as an example for the great possibilities in the training of specialists without separating them from production. In 1950, 160 persons were enrolled in the evening department, and in 1957, 490. At the beginning of the 1957/58 school year, 1,900 persons were in training at the evening faculty including 1,000 at the branch faculty located at the Kuybyshevskaya gidroelektrostantsiya (Kuybyshev Hydroelectric Power Plant). The faculty is preparing engineers in 6 specialties: technology of machine construction, metal-cutting machine tools and instruments, electrical machine tools and instruments, electric plants, networks and grids. Branches were also organized at Orenburg, Ul'yanovsk and Novo-Kuybyshevsk. The majority of students, attending the evening courses, are practicioners with considerable experience. The first 66 engineers graduated from the faculty in 1955; this year 180 engineers will be turned

Card 1/2

ABSTRACT:

CIA-RDP86-00513R001652620012-6" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

The Evening Courses lave wide Prospects

out; in the coming years the number will increase. The author deals with some changes which proved to be necessary in the schooling plan and the practical training, and with the organization of the chairs.

ASSOCIATION: Kuybyshevskiy industrial nyy institut imeni V.V. Kuybysheva (Kuybyshev Industrial Institute imeni V.V. Kuybyshev)

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2

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\$/795/62/000/000/003/007

AUTHORS: Sovkin, V. F., Nikolayev, A. I.

TITLE: Peculiarities of the internal spherical grinding of bearing races by

means of the rotating method.

SOURCE: Vysokoproizvoditel'noye shlifovaniye. Ed. by Ye. N. Maslov. Kom, po

tekh. mashinstr. In-t mashinoved. AN SSSR. Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR,

1962, 124-133.

TEXT: The objective of the present experimental investigation was the study of the effect of various technological factors on the productivity of the grinding process and on the height of the nonuniformities of the ground strace. High-speed operations were made possible by a novel turbohelical air-oil-cooled grinder. Experimental grinding was performed on the spherically ground inner races of bearings made of M.X 15 (ShKh15) steel, and the following conclusions were drawn: (I Confirmation was found for the theory and practice of ordinary grinding relative to the favorable effect of an increase in the peripheral speed of the grinding disk on the productivity of the spherical grinding process and on the high quality of the surface of the ground parts. (2) Additional study and closest control over the principal technological factors of the grinding process is required, if high productivity

Card 1/3

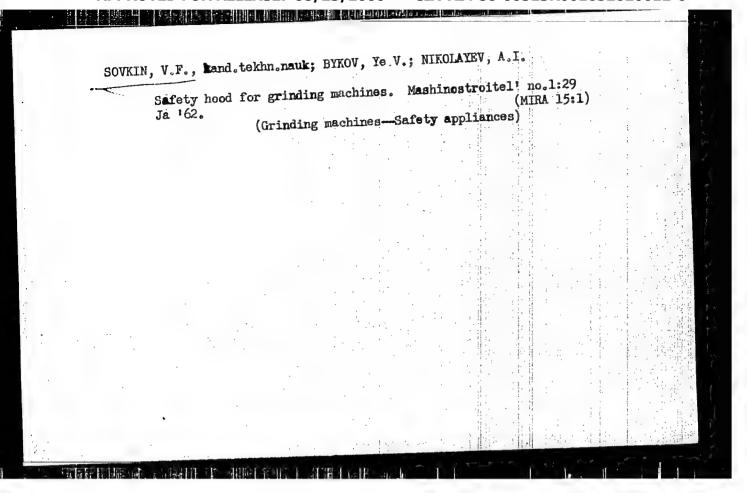
Peculiarities of the internal spherical

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elevated quality, and good accuracy of the ground surface is to be obtained with a small specific consumption of the grinding tool. (3) The values of the principal technological factors differ substantially in high-speed grinding from those obtaining in ordinary grinding. In particular, the question of the optimal increase in speed of the part and of the transverse feed arises; the controlling factor here is no longer the productivity of the grindings process, but the quality of the ground surface, which indirectly is a criterion for the service life of the machine. (4) In high-speed internal spherical grinding a new increase in speed ratio, namely, v_{feed}/v_{periph} = 0.125-0.165, reflects the fundamentally different nature of the novel process. (5) This significant increase in feed rate of the part in high-speed grinding improves the surface quality and minimizes the appearance of hot spots. The latter is attributed to the decrease in contact time between part and grinding disk and, hence, to a decrease in the adverse thermal effect in the contact zone. The following recommendations are made: (a) Increase of the peripheral speed of the grinding disk from 30-40 m/sec to 50-60 m/sec; (b) the feed rate of the part to be increased from 100-250 m/min to 400/450 m/min; (c) in machine with a mechanical drive, the transverse feed should be 2.7-3.2 mm/min. (6) These technological recommendations should be employed in the modernization of the many existing circular grinding machines in the bearing and tool industry and also in the design and development of a more progressive model of the JB +5M (LZ-5M) spherical

Card 2/3

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SHATUNOV, M.P., kand.fiz.-mat.nauk; SOVKIN, V.F., kand.tekhn.nauk

Analytic investigation of the temperature field during grinding based on the general laws of heat conductivity. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; mashinostr. no.2:212-223 '62.

1. Kuybyshevskiy industrial'nyy institut. (Grinding and polishing) (Heat-Gonduction)

SHATUNOV, M.P., kand.fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, dotsent; SOVKIN, V.F., kand.tekhn.nauk, dotsent

Investigating contact temperature during grinding basing on natural boundary conditions. Vest.mashinostr. 42 no.6163-67 (MIRA 15:6)

Je '62. (Grinding and polishing)

SOVKIN, Vasiliy Fedorovich; NIAOLAYEV, Aleksandr Ivanovich; daceased];
SHATIKOV, Pikhail Fetrovich; BIKOV, Yevgeniy Viktorovich;
SEVAST YANOV, Vladimir Yakovlevich; MIKHATEV, N.I., red.

[Increasing the productivity and improving the quality of surfaces subjected to grinding] Povyshenie proizvoditel'--sti i uluchshenie kachestva poverkhnosti pri shlifovanii.
Kuibyshev, Kuibyshevskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1963. 109 p.

(MIRA 17:7)

SHATUNOV, M.P., kand. fiziko-ratem. nauk; SOVKIN, V.F., kand. tekhn. nauk

Contact method for the determination of temperatures end thermal fluxes in grinding. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; mashinostr. no.2:173-180 '65.

(MIRA 18:5)

SOVKOV, G.V., nachal'nik.

Lower level planning and estimating in skyscraper construction work. Gor. khoz. Mosk. 27 no.6:31-33 Je '53.

1. 40e Stroyupravleniye stroitel'stva Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo universiteta. (Moscow-Construction industry)

SURFAME (in caps); Given Names

Country: Yugoslavia

Academic Degrees: / not given /

Affiliation: / not given /

Source: Belgrade, Veterinarski glasnik, No 6, 1961, pp 481-484.

Data: "Contribution to the Understanding of the Effect of Castration in Male Pigs on their Growth during the Suckling Period."

Authors:

SOVLJANSKI, B.

MALKIN, I.

Tyuqosuayia

S. PAVLOVIC, B. SOVLJANSKI and B. RADOVIC (Affiliation not states).

"Mifect of the Vz-35 Superconcentrate on Growth and Feed Efficiency in Growing White Swinc."

Reigrade, Veterinarski Glasnik, Vol 16, No 12, 1962; FP 1187-1190.

Veterinarski Zavod) in Zemen, contains raw proteins 40.6, raw cellulose (Veterinarski Zavod) in Zemen, contains raw proteins 40.6, raw cellulose 4.7, raw fats 2.91, Ga 2.7, P 1.55%; Man antibiotic, a group of vitamins 4.7, raw fats 2.91, Ga 2.7, P 1.55%; Man antibiotic, a group of vitamins and traces of microelements." Experimental group of 20 pigs aged 2.5 and traces of microelements." Experimental group of 20 pigs aged 2.5 months fed Vz-36 for 4 months gained an average of 7.73 Kg more than compareble controls fed animal proteins; better feed efficiency, gain much more than cost of additive. Three tables.

1/1

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YUGOSLAVIA

SOVLJANSKI, B., Dr., Assistant; MILOSAVLJEVIĆ, S., Dr., Professor; PAVLOVIĆ, S., Dr., Professor; Institute of Preventive Veterinary Medicine, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Belgrade

"Variations in Body Temperature of the Surviving and Dead Young Pigs During Investigation of Thermoregulation"

Belgrade, Veterinerski Glasnik, Vol 20, No 9, 1966, pp 653-658

Abstract: This is a comparative study of the body temporature during the first ten days of life of those newly born piglets which survived the period and those which died during the first ten days of life. Data refer to 99 offspring of the great white English breed of pigs. The temperature of the surviving animals fell only during the first hour following the birth, and then rose constantly until thermoregulation was established. In those which died, the temperature drop was much larger, it took up to 12 hours for it to rise again, and then continued to fluctuate between 36.10 and 37.34 °C. Comprehensive statistical data are presented in tabular form. There are 10 Yugoslav and 8 Western references. (Manuscript received, 24 Jun 66.)

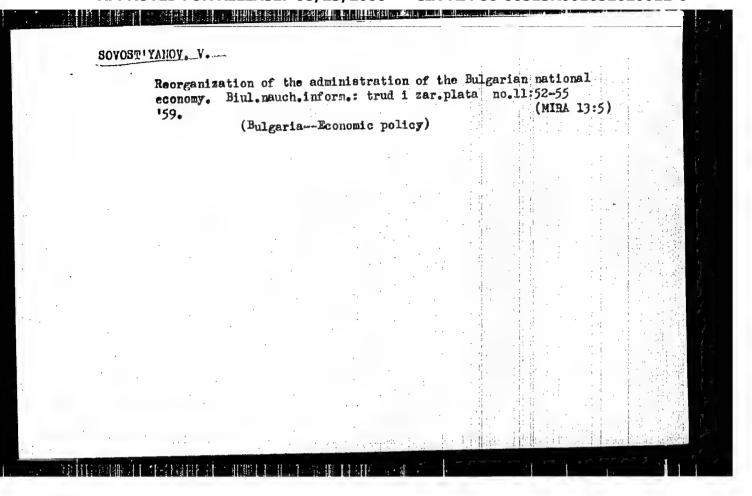
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- 66 -

SKADOVSKIY, S.N.; USPENSKAYA, V.I.; LEVSHINA, N.A.; SOVOKINA, M.I.

Using biocoenoses of sedentary organisms to improve the quality of water. Vest. Mosk.un. Ser. biol., pochv., geol., goeg. 14 no.1:57-64 59.

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitot. Kafedra gidrobiologii. (Water--Purification) (Fresh-water flore)



S/272/63/000/001/003/006 E073/E155

AUTHOR:

Sovová, Adolfina

TITLE:

Solid Sb-SbOCl reference electrode

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, otdel'nyy vypusk, Metrologiya i izmeritel naya tekhnika, no.1, 1963, 44, abstract 1.32.312.P. (Czech. pat. c1.42 1,

no. 101057, September 15, 1961)

This electrode is made of a 1:1 mixture of solid Sb TEXT: and SbOCl, broken down into powder, mixed and then pressed at 1200 kg/cm2. Prior to pressing, the mixture is slightly wetted with a solution of KCl or NaCl, or the pressed specimens are submerged for about half an hour in a KCl solution. Then the electrode is dried at 110 °C, a copper wire is soldered on, and the electrode is leached in distilled water until the reaction for Cl ceases. It is then submerged in solutions with various pH values until it stops reacting to pH differences. In measuring the potentials in a paste formed by SbOCl and KCl it was found that the potential is best established for the ratio Sb:Sb0Cl = 1:1. Properties of the resultant electrode: the potential Card 1/2

	l reference electro		272/63/000/ 73/E155	たまましむこと	1. 特益力量等等等。
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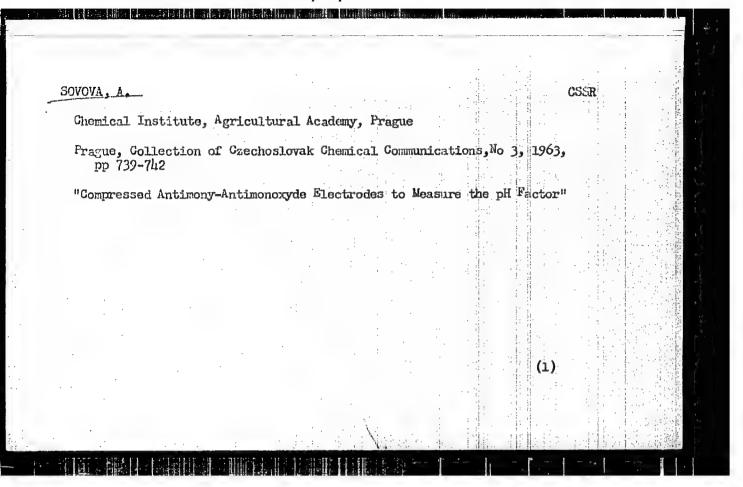
MALY, Eugen, Doc., MUDr.: SOVOVA, Almbeta, technicka laborantka

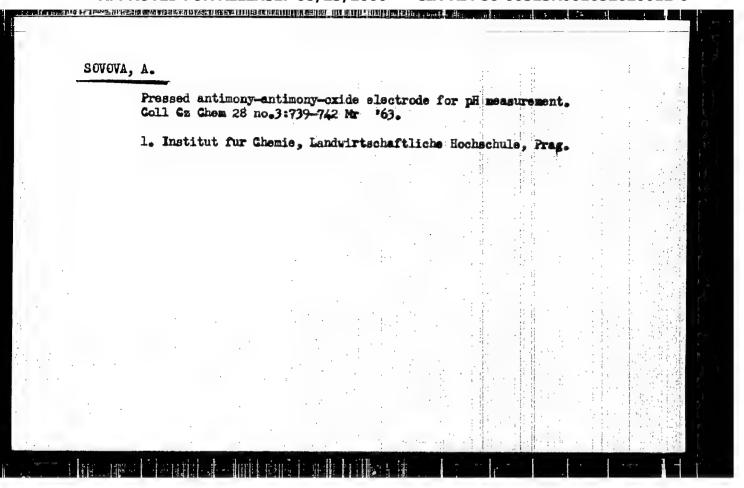
Congenital syphilis in Slovakia during 1950-1952, treated with procain penicillin G and 2-al. monostearate. Cesk. derm. 30 no. 3:143-152 June 55.

1. Z dermatowenerologickej kliniky v Kosiciach (predmosta doc. MUDr. E. Maly).

(SYPHILIS, CONGENITAL, therapy procaine penicillin G in aluminum monostearate.)

(PENICILLIN, derivatives procaine penicillin G. ther. of syphilis, in aluminum monostearate.)





SCVCVA, I'.

"Chromatographic analysis of glycidols."

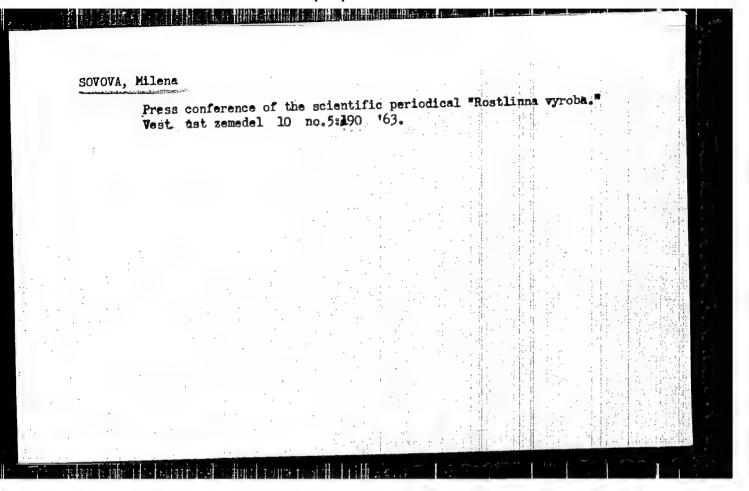
FRUNYSL FOTRAVIN. Fraha, Czechoslovakia. Vol. 6, no. 10, 1955.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 6, Jun 59, Unclas

COUNTRY: Czechoslovakia CATEGORY: ABS. JOUR.: AZEhim., No. 21 1959, No. 76665 ABS. JOUR.: AZEhim., No. 21 1959, No. 76665 FITTLE: Sovera, M. and Sova, V. Not given The Chromatographic Characterization of Synthetic Dyes Used in the Food Industry ORTH. PUB.: Prumysl Potravin, 9, No 5, 261-265 (1958) ORTH. PUB.: Mathods used at the Food Technology Research Instituts (Prague) for the separation and deter- Instituts (Prague) for the separation and deter- Instituts (Prague) for the separation of Best results were obtained by the application of Best results were obtained by the application of ascending and radial chromatography (Analyst, ascending and radial chromatography (Analyst, 75, 57 (1950)); quantitative determinations with the use of a photometer give reliable results at dye concentrations exceeding 10-15 gammas.
GAFD: 1/1

M. Sovova and Ing. Vladimir Sova, "Ueber die Bestimming von Farbstoffverungeningen in den synthetischen Nahrungsmittelfarbstoffen," Die Pharmazie (Berlin), 13/2, February 1958, pp. 93-5.

Received on 5 August 1957.
The authors are affiliated with the Research Institute for Food Technology, Prague. Sova's address is given as Prag XVI, Na belidle 21.



HAJKOVA, Irena, RNDr., PhMr. (Bratislava, Bakuninova 12); SOVOVA, Marie, KOSOVA, Vera

Medicinal plants of Pouzdrany Hills. Acta pharmac 6±43-61 *62

1. Katheder fur Pharmakognosie der Pharmaseutischen Fakultat, Bratislava (for Hajkova). 2. Katheder fur pharmazeutische Botanik der Pharmazeutischen Fakultat, Bratislava (for Sovova).

3. Forschungsinstitut fur Futterstoffe der Tschechoslowakischem Akademie der landwirtschaftlichen Wissenschaften, Pohorelice (for Kosova).

YURCHENKO, F.; SOVPEL', N.

Building with crude clay. Sel'.stroi. 16 no.5:6-7 My '61.

1. Direktor bazy proizwodstvennogo obucheniya masterov glinosyrtsovogo stroitel'stva Clavorgkolkhozstroya pri Sovete Ministrov BSSR (for Yurchenko). 2. Glavayy inzhener bazy proizvodstvennogo obucheniya masterov glinosyrtsovogo stroitel'stva Glavorgkolkhozstroya pri Sovete Ministrov BSR (for Sovpel').

(White Russia—Clay)

SOVSIMOV, P. M.

USSR/Metallurgy - Cast Iron, Casting, Methods

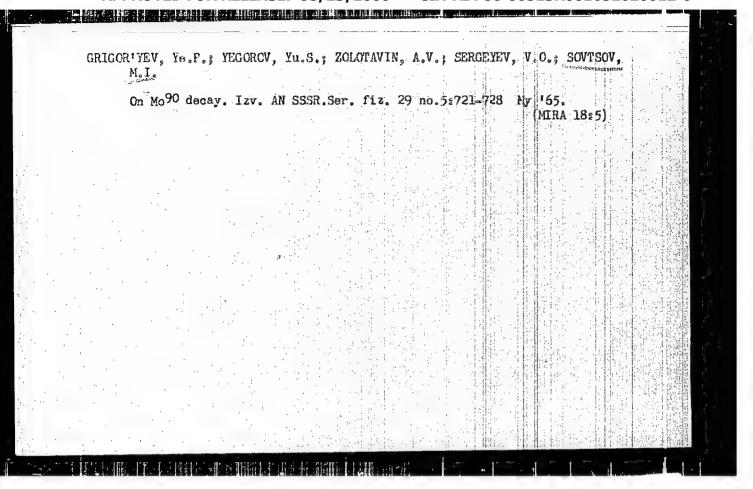
by 52

"Casting Into Vibrating Molds," N. M. Ignatchenko, ". H. Men'ok, P. M. Sovsimov, Engineers, Nikolayev Plant of Road-Bldg Machines

"Litey Proizvod" No 5, pp 26, 27

Briefly describes vibration method for settling liquid metal in green sand molds to improve mech properties of metal and decrease defectiveness of castings in respect to gas and shrinkage cavities and sand inclusions. iscusses application of method for casting 75-kg windlass-brake drum out of gray cast iron.

PA 228196



The state of the s E Category: Virology. Viruses of Men and Animals. Virus Causal Organisms of Equine Diseases Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103521 : Sovumova, Olga; Tumova, Beln; Poustka, Frantisck; Author Nemec, Juraj : Isolation of the Virus Causal Agent of a Disease I:1st of the Respiratory Passages of Horses. Title Orig Pub: Ceskosl. epidemiol., mikrobiol., irrunol., 1957, 6, No 4, 213-220 Abstract: During an epidemic in 1956 in Czechoslovakia antibodies to the virus of influenza type A were found in the serum of convalescent horses by the herngelutination inhibition reaction. In its antigenic : 1/2 Card .

Country: CZECHOSLOVAKIA
Category: Virology. Viruses of Man and Animals. Virus
Causal Organisms of Equine Diseases.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 23, 1958, No 103521.

properties the virus proved to be similar to the
virus of human influenza of the same type.

L. Ye. L.

Card : 2/2

KALINICHENKO, V.F., kand.tekhn.nauk; KOZLIK, V.I., inzh.; SOV'YAK, M.I., inzh.; BARZILOVICH, Yu.P., inzh.; CHEREPANOV, A.P., inzh.

New communication equipment for mine hoisting. Gor.zhur. no.10:57-59 0 64. (MIRA 18:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel*skiy gornorudnyy institut, Krivoy Rog (for Kalinichenko, Kozlik, Sov*yak). 2. Sumskoy zavod elektronnykh mikroskopov i elektroavtomatiki (for Barzilovich, Cherepanov).

BLINOVA, N.V.; SOVZ, I.Ye.

Investigation of the Picht's three-mirror telescope (MIRA 16:10)

SOVZENKO, T. K.: Master Tech Sci (diss) -- "Tanning materials in grapes and their effect on the process of madderization of wine". Moscow, 1958. 22 pp (Min Higher Educ USSR, Moscow Tech Inst of the Food Industry), 150 copies (KL, No 13, 1959, 107)

ZAGOREVSKIY, V.A.; SOVZENKO, Z.D.

Methylation of esculetin and 4-methylesculetin. Zhur. a), khim.

(MIRA 16:6)

1. Institut farmakologii i khimioterapii AMN SSR.

(Esculetin) (Coumarin) (Methylation)

ZAGOREVSKIY, V.A.; SOVZENKO, Z.D.

Study of the pyran serlos, its analogs ar 'related compounds.
Part 10:alkylation of esculetin. Zhur. ch khim. 34 no.12:
3987-3991 D '64

1. Institut farmakologii i khimioterapii AMN SSSR.

ZAGOHEVSKIY, V.A.; SOVZENKO, Z.D.

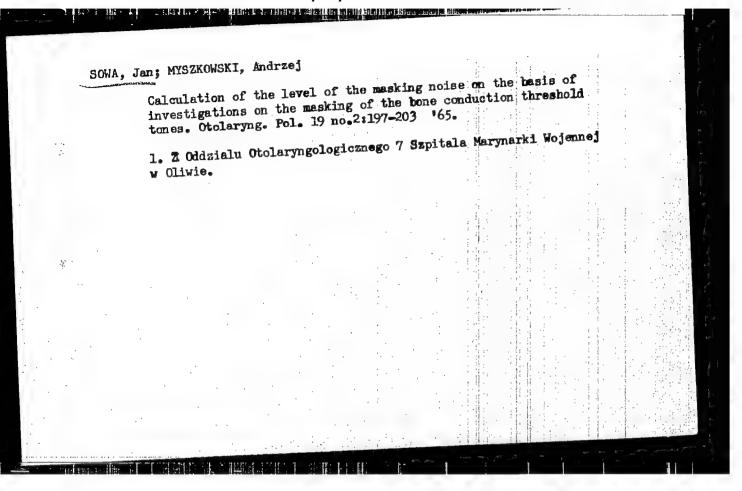
Pyran, its analogs, and related compounds. Part 12: Alkylation of 4-methylesculetin. Zhur.org.khim. 1 no.22380-383 F . (MIRA 18:4)

1. Institut farmakologii i khimioterapii AMN SSSR.

ZIOLKIWICZ, Tadeuss; SOWA, Damita

Secessity of dental care in murseries and kindergartens. Caas.
etomat.8 no.8:327-332 Aug '55.

1. Z Zakladu Ortodoneji A.M. w Posmaniu Kierownik: Z-ca prof.
dr T. Ziolkiewicz, Posman, ul. Swiecickiego 4, I pietro.
(PERODOWTIA,
dental care in murseries & kindergarten, importance)



SOWA, P. Gauze for flour mills made of artificial fibers. p. 26. Vol. 7, no. 9, Sept. 1956. COSPODARKA ZEOZOWA. Warszawa, Poland.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EFAL) Vol. 6, No. 1--April 1957

SOWA, Ryszard

New and rare species of stone flies Plecoptera in Poland's fauna. Acta hydrobiol 3 no.4:295-302 '61.

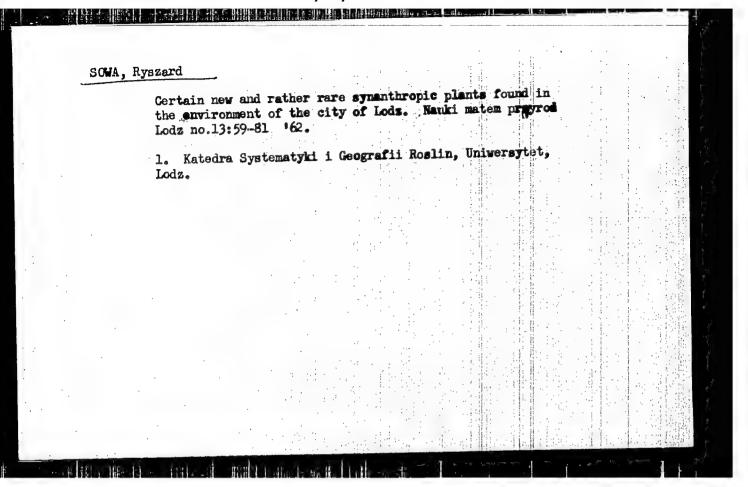
1. Zaklad Hydrobiologii, Uniwersytet Jagiellonski, Krakow, ul. Grodzka 53.

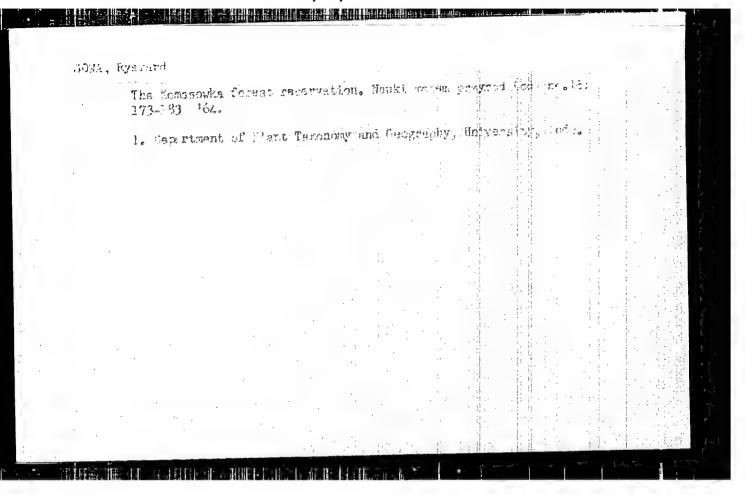
(Poland-Stone flies)

MOWSZOWICZ, Jakub; SOWA, Ryszard

Varieties and forms of the most common plant species among the families of Saxifragaceae and Rosaceae. Nauki matem przyrod Lodz no.10:119-137 '61.

1. Department of Plant Systematics and Geography, University, Lodz.



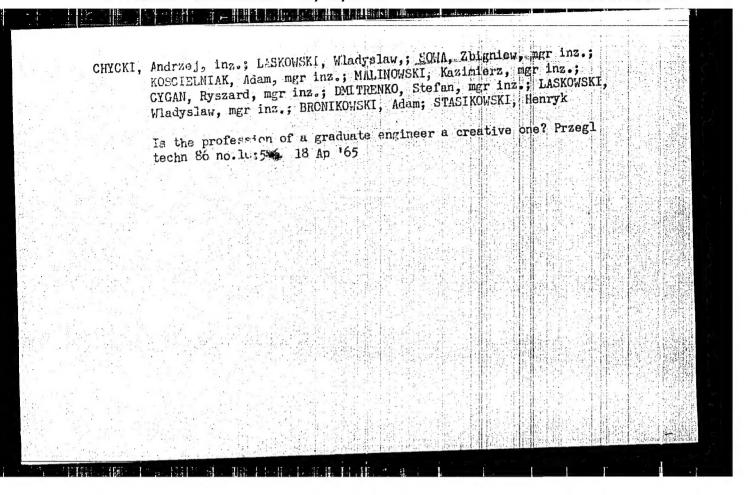


SOWA, T.; SZCZEPANIK, R.

Development of the purification process of 2-methylnaphtalene with the omission of the solvent. p. 361

CHEMIA STOSOWANA (Polska Akademia Nauk) Wroclaw, Poland. Vol. 2, no.3, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 9, September 1959.



COLIADA	, Emil
DOWNILL	of electric power plants in an
	Economic analysis of new designs of electric power 2:498-504 electric power system. Przegl elektrotechn 38 no.12:498-504
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P. 6 (ZOLNIERZ POLSKI) (Warszawa, Poland) No. 37, Dec. 1957	
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[2] 전 2 : 2 : 2 : 1 : 1 : 2 : 2 : 2 : 2 : 2 :	
그는 이 아이지 그 눈이 살아가게 먹니다. 그 이 아이는 이 아이는 이 종생은 이를 빼는 하게 나갔다면 하는데 하다.	